

EXHIBIT A.452

(1 of 4)



KAS/ 236B

Israel

Defense

Forces

In the Military Court
in Beit El
Before a panel

Court Case: 3380/03
Prosecution Case: 380/03
Detailed Incident Case: 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties
Department
6554/01 Zion
10283/01 Zion
1512/02 Moria
9638/02 Rishon le Zion
5601/02 Rishon le Zion
2881/02 Gililot
3975/02 Lod
9913/02 Rehovot
1197/02 Shalem
19284/02 Yarkon
21011/02 Yarkon
1425/03 Binyamin

In the trial between the Military Prosecutor – The Prosecutor

- v. -

Abdullah Ghaleb Abdullah Barghouti (Jamal) (known as “Kamal”, “the Engineer”)
Identity No. (fictitious): 30300028 (Jordanian passport E-891198), born October 15, 1972, a
resident of Beit Rima
Detained since March 5, 2003

- The Defendant -

Indictment

The above mentioned Defendant is hereby accused of committing the following offenses:

First count:

Nature of the offense: Attempt to manufacture an explosive device, an offense pursuant to Section 53 (A) (3) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 19 of the Rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

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Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, in May 2001 or thereabouts, manufactured a firearm, ammunition, a bomb, a hand grenade, an explosive or incendiary object, without possessing a permit certificate having been issued to him by or on behalf of a military commander, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the above mentioned time, [in] Beit Rima or thereabouts, met Akram Salah Akram Ahsin (Barghouti) and asked the latter to introduce military operatives to him. Akram Ahsin asked the Defendant to come to his home. After the Defendant came to the home of Akram Ahsin, the latter provided the Defendant with an explosive device.

The Defendant took the device with him and in the Defendant's supermarket in Beit Rima, dismantled the explosive device. The Defendant attempted to ignite the explosives that he had extracted from the explosive device and learned that they were good explosives. The Defendant made an activation mechanism for the above mentioned explosive device using an alarm clock but was unable to activate the above mentioned explosive device using the above mentioned activation mechanism.

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Second count:

Nature of the offense: Membership in an unlawful association, an offense pursuant to Regulation 85 (1) (A) of the Defense Regulations (Time of Emergency), 1945.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, from May 2001 until the day of his arrest, was a member or acted as a member of an unlawful association, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, during the period set forth, was a member of the Az-Adin Alqassam Brigades, the military arm of the Hamas Organization, which is an unlawful association.

The Defendant, within the framework of his activity in the military arm of Hamas, was responsible for manufacturing explosive devices and training other individuals in the manufacture of explosive devices. In view of his "success" in the said function, the Defendant acquired the alias "the Engineer".

In May 2001, in Beit Rima or thereabouts, the Defendant turned to Bilal Ya'akub Ahmed Barghouti (Utman), a military operative in Hamas and asked the latter to recruit the Defendant into the ranks of the military arm of the organization. The Defendant informed Bilal Barghouti that he could manufacture explosive devices for Hamas. Bilal Barghouti had the Defendant meet Aiman Halawa in Nablus; he was a senior military operative of Hamas, who recruited the Defendant into the Az-Adin Alqassam Brigades.

In late 2001, in Ramallah or thereabouts, the Defendant met Ibrahim Jamil Abed Ghani Hamad, known as Salah 1 or the Sheikh, the head of the Az-Adin Alqassam Brigades in the Ramallah area. The Defendant agreed to Ibrahim Hamad's proposal to act under the command of the latter and to manufacture explosive devices for the purpose of carrying out attacks against the Israeli targets. Ibrahim Hamad gave the Defendant the nom de guerre Kamal. Later, the Defendant did act as had been agreed between him and Ibrahim Hamad.

During the Defendant's activity under the command of Ibrahim Hamad, the Defendant was in contact with the above mentioned individual through dispatches that were conveyed by Sid Abed Karim Khader Sheikh-Qassam, known as Salah 2.

In exchange for his activity in Hamas, the Defendant received financial support from Ibrahim Hamad, which was transferred to the Defendant by Salah 2. In total, the Defendant received the sum of **117,000 U.S. dollars** from Ibrahim Hamad.

In addition, the Defendant received immediate financial support in the total of 500 U.S. dollars from Marwan Barghouti, the head of the Tanzim of the Fatah.

Third count:

Nature of the offense: Military training without possessing a permit, an offense pursuant to Regulation 62 of the Defense Regulations (Time of Emergency), 1945.

Details of the offense: The aforementioned Defendant, during the months of May-June 2001 or thereabouts, trained or administered military training in the use of weaponry or in the art of military exercises, movements or operations, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant met Aiman Halawa, during the period set forth, in Nablus or thereabouts, on three different occasions; he was a senior military operative of Hamas.

During the above mentioned meetings, Aiman Halawa taught the Defendant how to make the Um Al Abed (TATP) explosive, explosive devices, the activation mechanisms for the explosive devices (including wireless mechanisms), hand grenades and explosive belts.

Aiman Halawa taught the Defendant how to camouflage the explosive devices as stones and as beverage cans.

Aiman Halawa taught the Defendant how to make poison from potatoes, which are inserted into the explosive device to turn them into chemical charges.

At the end of each of these training sessions, the Defendant received a sheet from Aiman Halawa, which listed instructions for making explosive devices that the Defendant learned to manufacture.

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Fourth count:

Nature of the offense: Conspiring to commit an offense for which the penalty exceeds three years' imprisonment, an offense pursuant to Section 22 of the Rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968 and Section 67A (D) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970.

Details of the offense: The aforementioned Defendant, in the Area, in December 2000 or thereabouts, conspired with another person to coerce another person by force or threats or tempt him by trickery to go from the place at he was, for the purpose of blackmail or threat, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, conspired with Aiman Halawa, the Defendant's commander in Hamas, to participate in the abduction of Israel Defense Forces soldiers. The Defendant was ordered to prepare an apartment in which Israel Defense Forces soldiers would be held after their abduction by Hamas activists.

Within the preparations for the abduction, the Defendant prepared a room in his home in Beit Rima for holding abducted Israel Defense Forces soldiers.

Fifth count:

Nature of the offense: Trading in war materiel, an offense pursuant to Section 2 of the Rules of Prohibition of Trading in War Materiel (Judea and Samaria) (No. 243), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, in June 2001 or thereabouts, traded in or otherwise dealt with war materiel, without possessing a permit signed by or on behalf of the commander of the Area, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in Nablus or thereabouts, received 15 kilograms of Um Al Abed (TATP) explosives and a 9-mm pistol with a magazine and 14 cartridges from Aiman Halawa, a senior military operative in the Hamas organization. The Defendant transferred the explosives and the pistol to Beit Rima and hid them there.

About a week later, Aiman Halawa transferred to the Defendant 20 liters of hydrogen peroxide, which is used for making Um Al Abed (TATP) explosives. The Defendant hid this hydrogen peroxide in Beit Rima as well.

Sixth count:

Nature of the offense: Manufacturing an explosive device, an offense pursuant to Section 53 (A) (3) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, in June 2001 or thereabouts, manufactured a firearm, ammunition, bomb, hand grenade, explosive or incendiary device, without possessing a permit certificate having been issued to him by or on behalf of a military commander, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in Beit Rima or thereabouts, in a storeroom that he had rented, set up a laboratory for manufacturing explosives and explosive devices.

The Defendant transferred to the above mentioned laboratory 15 kilograms of explosives of Um Al Abed (TATP), 20 liters of hydrogen peroxide and a number of wireless mechanisms for detonation of the explosive devices.

In the above mentioned bomb laboratory, he made two explosive devices that were camouflaged as stones.

The Defendant transferred the first explosive device to Aiman Halawa, a senior military activist in Hamas, through a dead drop point in Salfit. Along with the above mentioned explosive device, the Defendant forwarded a sheet with directions for the operation of the above mentioned explosive device.

The Defendant transferred the second explosive device personally to Bilal Ya'akub Barghouti, a senior military operative in the Hamas Organization.

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Seventh count:

Nature of the offense: Giving shelter, an offense pursuant to Section 57 of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, in June 2001 or thereabouts, assisted or gave shelter to some person who had committed an offense against the security legislation or had been or was involved in some activity which was intended to harm the public welfare, the welfare of the Israel Defense Forces troops and soldiers and the maintenance of public order or concerning whom there are reasonable grounds to suspect that he did so, whether by giving information, shelter, food, drink, money, clothing, weapons, ammunition, supplies, animal fodder, means of transport, petroleum or fuel of any type and kind whatsoever, or in any other way, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in his home in Beit Rima or thereabouts, during one night, hid Rami Saliman, who was wanted by the Israeli security forces. The Defendant talked to Rami Saliman and it turned out that the latter was the one who had obtained the explosive device that had been camouflaged as a stone described in the sixth count of the indictment.

In the morning, the Defendant transported the above mentioned wanted person to Salfit.

Eighth count:

Trading in war materiel, an offense pursuant to Section 2 of the Rules of Prohibition of Trading in War Materiel (Judea and Samaria) (No. 243), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, at the time set forth in the previous count of the indictment or thereabouts, traded in or otherwise dealt with war materiel, without possessing a permit signed by or on behalf of the commander of the Area, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in Beit Rima or thereabouts, delivered to Rami Saliman, set forth in the previous count of the indictment, the 14 pistol along with 150 cartridges. In exchange, the Defendant received a 7 pistol from the above mentioned person.

Ninth count:

Nature of the offense: Performance of a service for an unlawful association, an offense pursuant to Regulation 85 (1) (C) of the Defense Regulations (Time of Emergency), 1945.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, in June 2001 or thereabouts, performed some work or performed some service for an unlawful association, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in Nablus or thereabouts, met Aiman Halawa, a senior military operative in the Hamas Organization, which is an unlawful association. Aiman Halawa delivered the amount of 100 U.S. dollars to the Defendant. According to Aiman Halawa's request, the Defendant transferred the above mentioned money to the wanted person described in the seventh count of the indictment.

Tenth count: (Detailed Incident 6554/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Attempt to cause intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Sections 14 (A) and 19 of the Rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on July 30, 2001, or thereabouts, attempted to cause the intentional death of another person, as follows:

1. In early July 2001, in Nablus or thereabouts, the Defendant met Aiman Halawa, a senior military operative of the Hamas Organization. Aiman Halawa informed the Defendant that he had a person who was prepared to carry out a suicide attack inside Israel.
2. At the request of Aiman Halawa, the Defendant contacted Bilal Ya'akub Barghouti (Utman), a senior military operative in the Hamas organization, and asked the latter to find a person who would be able to bring a suicide terrorist into

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the State of Israel in order for the latter to carry out a suicide attack there with the intent of causing the deaths of as many people as possible.

3. Bilal Barghouti recruited Mohamed Waal Mohamed Daglas for the purpose set forth. Mohamed Daglas recruited Ahlam Aref Ahmed Tamimi for the said purpose; he was a student at Bir Zeit University, [and] an operative in the Az-Adin Alqassam Brigades, the military arm of the Hamas.
4. After the Defendant reported the recruitment of the above mentioned people to Aiman Halawa, Aiman Halawa asked that first the Defendant should deliver a small explosive device to the above mentioned people, in order for them to first try to carry out an attack in Israel using the small explosive device before they could be trusted, and have the suicide terrorist delivered to them.
5. On the following day, in Ramallah or thereabouts, the Defendant received a small explosive device, which had been sent to him by Aiman Halawa from Nablus via courier.
6. On July 27, 2001, Ahlam Tamimi paid a visit to Jerusalem, with which she was very familiar, along with her nephew, Faraj Munir Mahmoud Tamimi, in order to identify a location in which the explosive device would be placed. During the visit, Ahlam Tamimi visited the Co Op supermarket in the Hamashbir Lazarchan building in King George Street. On the following day, Mohamed Daglas met Ahlam Tamimi at Bir Zeit University and the latter informed him that she had found a location in Jerusalem to carry out a bombing attack using an explosive device.
7. The above mentioned report was forwarded to the Defendant through Bilal Barghouti. In addition, Bilal Barghouti recommended to the Defendant that the explosive device be hidden inside a can of juice.
8. Following the above mentioned, the Defendant put the above mentioned explosive device into a can of beer and attached an activation mechanism. The Defendant delivered the above mentioned explosive device to Bilal Barghouti in order for the latter to deliver it to the individuals he had recruited, in order for them to use it to carry out an attack with the aim of causing the deaths of as many people as possible.
9. Bilal Barghouti delivered the above mentioned explosive device to Mohamed Daglas, and the latter, on July 30, 2001, delivered it to Ahlam Tamimi.

10. On that day, at 11:45 a.m., Ahlam Tamimi arrived at the Co Op supermarket in Jerusalem described above, while carrying in her bag the explosive device that she had received from the Defendant.
11. Ahlam Tamimi put the can of beer in which the above mentioned explosive device was hidden on a shelf of cans, at the front of the shelf in the above mentioned supermarket, so that once the explosive device would detonate, it would cause the deaths of the people nearby. Ahlam Tamimi activated the above mentioned explosive device and left the above mentioned store.
12. At about 1:10 p.m. on that day, the explosive device described above detonated in the abovementioned supermarket. As a result of the detonation of the explosive device, a great amount of damage was caused in the above mentioned store, and only by a miracle was nobody hurt.

Eleventh count: (Detailed Incident 6554/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Malicious damage to property, an offense pursuant to Section 53C of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the Rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The aforementioned Defendant, both within the Area and elsewhere, on July 30, 2001, or thereabouts, destroyed or maliciously and unlawfully damaged property, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the previous count of the indictment, by his acts described in the previous count of the indictment, caused heavy damage to the Co Op supermarket located in the Hamashbir Lazarchan building in King George Street, in which the explosive device was detonated as described in the previous count of the indictment.

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Twelfth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Unit)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the Rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

1. After carrying out the attack in the supermarket in Jerusalem, which is described in the tenth count of the indictment, the Defendant made contact with Aiman Halawa, a senior military operative in the Hamas Organization, and according to the plan set forth in the tenth count of the indictment, asked Aiman Halawa to forward a large explosive device and the suicide terrorist to the Defendant for the purpose of carrying out the planned suicide attack.
2. In early August 2001, in Ramallah or thereabouts, the Defendant received a large explosive device that consisted of two shampoo bottles filled with explosives, from Aiman Halawa, via courier.
3. At the request of Bilal Ya'akub Barghouti, the Defendant inserted the above mentioned explosive device into a guitar that Bilal Barghouti brought. In addition to the above mentioned explosive device, the Defendant put two plastic bags filled with explosives inside the above mentioned guitar. In addition, the Defendant affixed screws inside the guitar using glue. The Defendant sealed the opening in the guitar using glass so that its contents could not be seen. The Defendant connected an activation mechanism to the above mentioned explosive device.
4. The Defendant put the above mentioned guitar inside a black guitar case. The Defendant threaded a wire out of the case, with the activation button for the explosive device, so that the explosive device could be activated without opening the guitar case.
5. The Defendant reported the preparation of the explosive device to Aiman Halawa and asked the latter to send the suicide terrorist to him.
6. A few days later, the suicide terrorist Az A-Din Shahil Ahmed Masri (hereinafter: the "Suicide Terrorist"), who was dispatched by Aiman Halawa, came to Ramallah. Bilal Barghouti met the Suicide Terrorist and put him up overnight in Ramallah with Mohamed Waal Mohamed Daglas.

7. The Defendant transferred the above mentioned booby-trapped guitar to Bilal Barghouti in order for the latter to deliver it to the Suicide Terrorist, in order for the latter to use it to carry out a bombing attack with the intent of causing the deaths of as many people as possible.
8. On August 8, 2001, at the instruction of Mohamed Waal Mohamed Daglas (as set forth in the tenth count of the indictment), Ahlam Aref Ahmed Tamimi (set forth in the tenth count of the indictment) traveled to Jerusalem in order to find a location at which to carry out the bombing attack that the Defendant had planned with his above mentioned colleagues and for whose execution the above mentioned Mohamed Daglas and Ahlam Tamimi were recruited. Ahlam Tamimi noticed that there was a large presence of security forces in Jerusalem, but nobody inspected her because she was wearing a short vest in an attempt to look Jewish. Ahlam Tamimi reached the conclusion that one could leave Ramallah and carry out an attack in central Jerusalem.
9. On that day, Bilal Barghouti instructed the Suicide Terrorist on the activation of the above mentioned explosive device that the Defendant had made.
10. On August 9, 2011, Mohamed Daglas introduced Ahlam Tamimi to the Suicide Terrorist, who was carrying the booby-trapped guitar. The Suicide Terrorist had gotten a haircut before carrying out the planned attack and wore clothes that were supposed to make him look like a Jew. Thereafter, Ahlam Tamimi and the Suicide Terrorist departed to carry out the planned attack.
11. After Ahlam Tamimi and the Suicide Terrorist entered Jerusalem, Ahlam Tamimi instructed the Suicide Terrorist to carry the guitar inside the black case that was described above on his back in order not

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to arouse the suspicion of the Israeli security forces. Ahlam Tamimi also took off the jacket she was wearing and remained in a short vest.

12. Ahlam Tamimi led the Suicide Terrorist to the junction of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, which is a central junction and a crowded place. Ahlam Tamimi briefed the Suicide Terrorist on activation of the explosive device in the center of the said junction while many people were crossing and thereby to attack as many civilians and vehicular travelers waiting at the traffic light as possible, causing their deaths. Ahlam Tamimi told the Suicide Terrorist that he was also allowed to choose another place for carrying out the planned attack, but that it had to be in King George Street, which was full of people.
13. Ahlam Tamimi left the Suicide Terrorist in the place set forth and walked towards the Nablus Gate of the old city in order to return to Ramallah.
14. At about 1:55 p.m., the Suicide Terrorist, Az A-Din Shahil Ahmed Masri, entered the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets, which was then crowded. There the Suicide Terrorist detonated the explosive device that the Defendant had prepared as described above, with the intent of causing the deaths of as many people as possible.
15. As a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the said explosive device, fifteen people were killed, as will be described in the next counts of the indictment.
16. As a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the said explosive device, many other people sustained injuries, as will be described in the next counts of the indictment.
17. As a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the said explosive device, extensive damage was caused to property in the Sbarro restaurant and to automobiles and buildings nearby.
18. By his acts described above, the Defendant caused the intentional death of **the late Frieda Mendelsohn**, aged 62 at the time of her death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the explosive device as set forth above.

Thirteenth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Lily Shimashvili-Mesengiser**, aged 33 at the time of her death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

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Fourteenth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001 or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Tamar Shimashvili-Mesengiser**, aged 8 at the time of her death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

Fifteenth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Tehila Maoz**, aged 20 at the time of her death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

Sixteenth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001 or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Michal Raziell**, aged 15 at the time of her death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

Seventeenth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Malka Roth**, aged 15 at the time of her death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

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Eighteenth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Yocheved Sasson**, aged 10 at the time of her death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

Nineteenth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Mordechai Rafael Schijveschuurder**, aged 44 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

Twentieth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

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Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Tzira Schijveschuurder**, aged 41 at the time of her death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

Twenty first count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Ra'aya Schijveschuurder**, aged 14 at the time of her death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

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Twenty second count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Avraham Yitzhak Schijveschuurder**, aged 4 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

Twenty third count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Hemda Schijveschuurder**, aged 2 at the time of her death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

Twenty fourth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Judith Lilian Greenbaum**, aged 31 at the time of her death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

Twenty fifth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Giora Balash**, aged 69 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the "Sbarro" restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

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Twenty sixth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Zvi Golombek**, aged 26 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the explosion of the Suicide Terrorist with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

Twenty seventh count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Attempt to cause intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Sections 14 (A) and 19 of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, attempted to cause the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, attempted to cause the intentional death of all of the people who were in the vicinity of the Suicide Terrorist, who exploded with the explosive device at the Sbarro restaurant at the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, as described in the twelfth count of the indictment.

As a result of the explosion of the suicide terrorist with the explosive device, more than 127 people who were in the area of the explosion site were injured.

Twenty eighth count: (Detailed Incident 6891/01 Jerusalem Special Duties Department)

Nature of the offense: Malicious damage to property, an offense pursuant to Section 53C of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the Rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The aforementioned Defendant, both within the Area and elsewhere, on August 9, 2001, or thereabouts, destroyed or maliciously and unlawfully damaged property, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the twelfth count of the indictment, by his acts described in the twelfth count of the indictment, caused heavy damage to the Sbarro restaurant in the corner of Jaffa and King George Streets in Jerusalem, where the explosive device was detonated as described in the twelfth count of the indictment, and to buildings nearby and to vehicles that passed by the site at the time of the explosion.

Twenty ninth count:

Nature of the offense: Offenses involving licenses and documents that were issued under the security legislation, an offense pursuant to Section 60 (C) and (G) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, from the second half of 2001 until the day of his arrest or thereabouts, altered or let another person alter some document that was issued under the security legislation and was in possession of a document that was issued under the security legislation that was not made out to his title, with the intent of deceiving others, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, in the second half of 2001, in Ramallah or thereabouts, obtained two identity cards from Sid Abed Karim Khader Sheikh-Qassam, known as Salah 2, one bearing the name of Arafat Taher Barghouti and the other bearing the name of Ashraf Alahmed. Photographs of the Defendant were inserted into both of these identity cards.

During the period set forth above, the Defendant made use of the forged identity card bearing the name of Arafat Taher Barghouti when he was examined by Israel Defense Forces soldiers in Ramallah or thereabouts, with the intent of deceiving the Israel Defense Forces soldiers.

Thirtieth count:

Nature of the offense: Trading in war materiel, an offense pursuant to Section 2 of the Rules of Prohibition of Trading in War Materiel (Judea and Samaria) (No. 243), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, in the second half of 2001 or thereabouts, traded in or otherwise dealt with war materiel, without possession of a permit signed by or on behalf of the commander of the Area, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in Ramallah or thereabouts, talked to Ibrahim Jamil Abed Ghani Hamed, known as Salah 1 or the Sheikh, the head of the Az-Adin Alqassam Brigades in the Ramallah area. Ibrahim Hamad asked the Defendant to purchase an Uzi submachine gun for him. The Defendant contacted Ahmed Taleb Mustafa Barghouti (known as Al Faransi), one of the heads of the Al Aqsa Martyrs' Brigades in the Ramallah area, and asked to purchase an Uzi submachine gun from him. Ahmed Barghouti had the Defendant meet Mahnad Abu Halawa, a senior military operative in the Al Aqsa Martyrs' Brigades, and the Defendant purchased an Uzi submachine gun from the latter.

About two weeks later, the Defendant conveyed the above mentioned Uzi submachine gun to Sid Abed Karim Khader Sheikh-Qassam, known as Salah 2, who conveyed it to Ibrahim Hamad.

Thirty first count:

Nature of the offense: Trading in war materiel, an offense pursuant to Section 2 of the Rules of Prohibition of Trading in War Materiel (Judea and Samaria) (No. 243), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, in mid-2001 or thereabouts, traded in or otherwise dealt with war materiel, without possession of a permit signed by or on behalf of the commander of the Area, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in Ramallah or thereabouts, contacted Ahmed Taleb Mustafa Barghouti (known as Al Faransi), one of the heads of the Al Aqsa Martyrs' Brigades in the Ramallah area, and asked to purchase an MP-5 submachine gun from him. Ahmed Barghouti had the Defendant meet Mahnad Abu Halawa, a senior military operative in the Al Aqsa Martyrs' Brigades, and the Defendant purchased an MP-5 submachine gun from the latter.

Thirty second count:

Nature of the offense: Possession of a firearm, an offense pursuant to Section 53 (A) (1) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970.

Details of the offense: The aforementioned Defendant, in the Area, from the time set forth in the previous count of the indictment until the day of his arrest, had in his possession a firearm, ammunition, a hand grenade or explosive or incendiary object, a tool, object or thing designed or capable of causing death or severe injury, without possession of a permit certificate issued by or on behalf of a military commander, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, during the period set forth, in Ramallah or thereabouts, was in possession of an MP-5 submachine gun described in the previous count of the indictment, and a pistol.

The Defendant kept the above mentioned weapons without possession of a permit certificate issued by or on behalf of a military commander.

Thirty third count:

Nature of the offense: Manufacturing an incendiary object, an offense pursuant to Section 53 (A) (3) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, from the second half of 2001 or thereabouts, manufactured a firearm, ammunition, a bomb, an explosive or incendiary object, without possession of a permit certificate issued by or on behalf of a military commander, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, during the period set forth, in Ramallah or thereabouts, set up a number of laboratories for manufacturing explosives and explosive devices. The Defendant regularly relocated the above mentioned laboratory every few months in order for it not to be exposed by the Israeli security forces.

The Defendant and his colleagues would transfer various chemicals used in the manufacture of explosives to the above mentioned laboratories. The above mentioned explosives were purchased both by the Defendant himself, and by his fellow members of the Hamas Organization. The above mentioned explosives were purchased using Hamas money.

The Defendant manufactured, using the above mentioned chemicals, tens of kilograms of explosives, primarily of the Um Al Abed (TATP) type. From the explosives that he manufactured, the Defendant prepared a large number of explosive devices of different types, in addition to the explosive devices as described in the previous counts of the indictment and as will be described in the following counts of the indictment.

The Defendant manufactured the above mentioned explosive devices with the aim of Hamas operatives using them to carry out attacks against Israeli targets. The Defendant briefed operatives of the Hamas Organization on the activation of the above mentioned explosive devices.

In addition to the foregoing, the Defendant attempted to manufacture hand grenades and an explosive device and thus planned to assemble an explosive device on a toy vehicle operated by remote control.

During the said period, the Defendant also received instructions to manufacture Qassam rockets, but decided that he was unable to manufacture the rockets.

Thirty fourth count:

Nature of the offense: Military training without possession of a permit, an offense pursuant to Regulation 62 of the Defense Regulations (Time of Emergency), 1945.

Details of the offense: The aforementioned Defendant, in the Area, during the second half of 2001 or thereabouts, trained or administered military training in the use of weaponry or in the art of military exercises, movements or operations, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in Ramallah or thereabouts, taught Sid Abed Karim Khader Sheikh Qassam, known as Salah 2, an operative in the Hamas Organization, who served as a contact person between the Defendant and his commander in the Hamas Organization, to manufacture explosives and explosive devices.

The thirty fifth count:

Nature of the offense: Military training without possession of a permit, an offense pursuant to Regulation 62 of the Defense Regulations (Time of Emergency), 1945.

Details of the offense: The aforementioned Defendant, in the Area, during November 2001 or thereabouts, trained or administered military training in the use of weaponry or in the art of military exercises, movements or operations, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in an apartment in Ramallah that served as a bomb laboratory, administered military training to Mohamed Hassan Ahmed Arman (known as Abu Muaz), a military operative in the Hamas Organization.

During the said training, the Defendant taught Mohamed Arman to manufacture an explosive called Um Al Abed (TATP), electrical circuits for activating explosive devices and activation mechanisms for explosive devices consisting of a clock, a remote control and a cellular telephone handset.

At the end of the training session, the Defendant transferred to Ahmed Arman a bag with various materials that are used for manufacturing explosives and explosive devices and a sheet with the instructions for manufacturing them.

The materials for the purpose of the above mentioned military training were purchased by Ibrahim Jamil Abed Ghani Hamed, the head of the Az-Adin Alqassam Brigades in the Ramallah area.

The Defendant introduced himself to Mohamed Garman by the alias "Engineer". During the above mentioned military training, the Defendant and Mohamed Arman were masked.

Thirty sixth count:

Nature of the offense: Military training without possession of a permit, an offense pursuant to Regulation 62 of the Defense Regulations (Time of Emergency), 1945.

Details of the offense: The aforementioned Defendant, in the Area, during November 2001, about two days after the time set forth in the previous count of the indictment or thereabouts, trained or administered military training in the use of weaponry or in the art of military exercises, movements or operations, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in an apartment in Ramallah that served as an explosives laboratory, delivered military training to two people who had been brought to the apartment by Sid Abed Karim Khader Sheikh-Qassam, known as Salah 2, a military operative in the Hamas Organization.

During the said training, the Defendant taught the two above mentioned people how to manufacture an explosive called Um Al Abed (TATP), electrical circuits for activating explosive devices, and activation devices for explosive devices consisting of a clock, a remote control and a cellular telephone handset.

At the end of the training, the Defendant forwarded to the above mentioned two people two bags with various materials that are used for manufacturing explosives and the explosive devices and sheets with the instructions for manufacturing them.

Thirty seventh count:

Nature of the offense: Military training without possession of a permit, an offense pursuant to Regulation 62 of the Defense Regulations (Time of Emergency), 1945.

Details of the offense: The aforementioned Defendant, in the Area, in November 2001, shortly after he carried out that which has been attributed to him in the previous count of the indictment or thereabouts, trained or administered military training in the use of weaponry or in the art of military exercises, movements or operations, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in an apartment in Ramallah that was used as a bomb laboratory, delivered military training to Murad Khalil Abed Hak Amira, who was brought to the apartment by Sid Abed Karim Khader Sheikh-Qassam, known as Salah 2, a military operative in the Hamas Organization.

During the said training, the Defendant taught Murad Amira to manufacture explosives called Um Al Abed (TATP), electrical circuits for activating explosive devices and activation mechanisms for explosive devices consisting of a clock, a remote control and a cellular telephone handset. In addition, the Defendant delivered theoretical and practical training in the field stripping and assembling an Uzi submachine gun and a 14 pistol to Murad Amira.

At the end of the training session, the Defendant gave Murad Amira a bag with various materials used for the manufacturing of explosives and explosive devices and pages with the instructions for manufacturing them.

At the end of the said training, the Defendant gave Murad Amira the alias Abdullah 5 because this was the fifth person whom he had taught to manufacture the explosives and explosive devices.

Thirty eighth count: (Detailed incident 10283/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on December 1, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

1. The above mentioned Defendant, during November 2001 or thereabouts, in Ramallah or thereabouts, manufactured explosives of Um Al Abed (TATP) type.
2. Using these explosives, the Defendant manufactured three explosive devices. The Defendant inserted the first explosive device into a computer case. The Defendant inserted the second explosive device into a black cloth bag. The Defendant prepared the third explosive device in the form of an explosive belt. In addition to the explosives, the Defendant put fragments, consisting of nails and nuts, into the explosive devices. The Defendant attached activation mechanisms to the three above mentioned explosive devices. When the explosive devices were assembled in the explosive belt and in the computer case, they were activated by pressing the activation button, while the explosive device that was concealed inside the black cloth bag was activated by a stopwatch. The Defendant added nuts and nails to these three explosive devices to increase the destructive effect of the explosive devices. In addition, the Defendant put toxic material, which was also for the purpose of increasing the lethality of the explosive devices, into the three explosive devices.
3. The Defendant manufactured these three explosive devices at the request of Sid Abed Karim Khader Sheikh-Qassam, known as Salah 2, a military operative in the Hamas Organization. Salah 2 contacted the Defendant at the request of Ibrahim Jamil Abed Ghani Hamad, known as Salah 1 or Sheikh, the commander of the military arm of the Hamas Organization in the Ramallah area.

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4. The Defendant delivered the three above mentioned explosive devices to Salah 2 in order for the latter to have them transferred to Hamas operatives, who would use these explosive devices to carry out bombing attacks with the intent of causing the deaths of as many people as possible.
5. Salah 2 and Ibrahim Hamad, by themselves or through others, transferred the above mentioned explosive devices to Osama Mohamed Bahar and Nabil Mahmoud Halabia and planted the explosive device that was hidden in the black cloth bag in an Opel Kadett, license no. 4774987.
6. On December 1, 2001, at about 11:36 p.m., at the entrance from Zion Square to Ben Yehuda Street in Jerusalem or thereabouts, suicide terrorist Osama Mohamed Bahar activated the explosive device that had been manufactured by the Defendant and concealed in a computer case as set forth above, with the intent of causing the deaths of as many people as possible. The above mentioned explosive device exploded.
7. That same day, at about the time above, at the junction of Ben Yehuda and Luntz Streets in Jerusalem or thereabouts (a few meters away from the site of the explosion of the first explosive device), suicide terrorist Nabil Mahmoud Halabia activated the explosive device that had been manufactured by the Defendant in the form of an explosive belt as set forth above, with the intent of causing the deaths of as many people as possible. The above mentioned explosive device exploded.
8. On that same day, a few minutes after the two above mentioned suicide terrorists activated the above mentioned explosive devices, the explosive device that had been manufactured by the Defendant and hidden inside the black cloth bag as set forth above was detonated. The third explosive device was detonated in an Opel Kadett, license no. 4774987, which was parked in Harav Kook Street near the corner of Jaffa Street in Jerusalem (a few dozen meters away from the detonation sites of the two explosive devices mentioned above). The above mentioned explosive device was activated with the intent of causing the deaths of as many people as possible.
9. As a result of the detonation of the three explosive devices, which were detonated by as described above [Translator's note: as written], ten people were killed and approximately 191 people were injured, as will be elaborated in the following counts of the indictment.
10. By his acts described above, the above mentioned Defendant caused the intentional death of **the late Yosef El-Ezra**, aged 18 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the detonation of the explosive devices in central Jerusalem as described above.

Thirty ninth count: (Detailed Incident 10283/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on December 1, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, by his acts described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Assaf Avitan**, aged 15 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the detonation of the explosive devices that were activated as described in the thirty eighth count of the indictment.

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Fortieth count: (Detailed Incident 10283/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on December 1, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, by his acts described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Guy Vaknin**, aged 19 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the detonation of the explosive devices that were activated as described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment.

Forty first count: (Detailed Incident 10283/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on December 1, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, by his acts described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Yoni Korganov**, aged 20 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the detonation of the explosive devices that were activated as described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment.

Forty second count: (Detailed Incident 10283/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on December 1, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, by his acts described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Ya'akov Israel Danino**, aged 17 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the detonation of the explosive devices that were activated as described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment.

Forty third count: (Detailed Incident 10283/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on December 1, 2001 or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, by his acts described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Michael Dahan**, aged 20 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the detonation of the explosive devices that were activated as described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment.

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Forty fourth count: (Detailed Incident 10283/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on December 1, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, by his acts described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Golan Turgeman**, aged 15 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the detonation of the explosive devices that were activated as described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment.

Forty fifth count: (Detailed Incident 10283/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on December 1, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, by his acts described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Adam Weinstein**, aged 14 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the detonation of the explosive devices that were activated as described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment.

Forty sixth count: (Detailed Incident 10283/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on December 1, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, by his acts described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Moshe Yedid-Levy**, aged 19 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the detonation of the explosive devices that were activated as described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment.

Forty seventh count: (Detailed Incident 10283/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Causing intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on December 1, 2001, or thereabouts, caused the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, by his acts described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, caused the intentional death of **the late Nir Haftzadi**, aged 19 at the time of his death, who was killed as a result of the detonation of the explosive devices that were activated as described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment.

Forty eighth count: (Detailed Incident 10283/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Attempt to cause intentional death, an offense pursuant to Section 51 (A) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Sections 14 (A) and 19 of the rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, both in the Area and elsewhere, on December 1, 2001, or thereabouts, attempted to cause the intentional death of another person, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, by his acts described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, attempted to cause the intentional deaths of as many civilians as possible. As a result of the detonation of the explosive devices that were activated as described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, **191 people** were injured.

Forty ninth count: (Detailed Incident 10283/01 Zion)

Nature of the offense: Malicious damage to property, an offense pursuant to Section 53C of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970, and Section 14 (A) of the Rules of Liability for an Offense Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 225), 5728-1968.

Details of the offense: The aforementioned Defendant, both within the Area and elsewhere, on December 1, 2001, or thereabouts, destroyed or maliciously and unlawfully damaged property, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in the place set forth in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, by his acts described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment, caused serious damage to houses and to business establishments in the area of Ben Yehuda, Luntz, Jaffa and Harav Kook Streets and vehicles that were at the site at which the three explosive devices that were activated as described in the thirty-eighth count of the indictment.

Fiftieth count:

Nature of the offense: Manufacturing an incendiary device, an offense pursuant to Section 53 (A) (3) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, from late 2001 or thereabouts, manufactured a firearm, ammunition, bomb, an explosive or incendiary device, without a permit certificate issued by or on behalf of a military commander, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in Ramallah or thereabouts, at the request of Marwan Barghouti, the head of the Tanzim of the Fatah, manufactured two explosive devices. Marwan Barghouti asked the Defendant to manufacture two explosive devices for him in order to use them if Israel Defense Forces would enter Ramallah.

Fifty-first count:

Nature of the offense: Manufacturing an incendiary device, an offense pursuant to Section 53 (A) (3) of the Security Provisions Order (Judea and Samaria) (No. 378), 5730-1970.

Details of the offense: The above mentioned Defendant, in the Area, in late 2001 or thereabouts, manufactured a firearm, ammunition, bomb, an explosive or incendiary device, without a permit certificate issued by or on behalf of a military commander, as follows:

The above mentioned Defendant, at the time set forth, in Ramallah or thereabouts, manufactured three explosive devices that were concealed inside juice cartons, and four explosive devices that were camouflaged as stones.

The above mentioned explosive devices were transferred by Sid Abed Karim Khader Sheikh-Qassam, known as Salah 2, to Ibrahim Jamil Abed Ghani Hamad, known as Salah 1, who was the head of the military arm of the Hamas Organization in the Ramallah area.